

SIEMENS



Estelle Camus, *PhD*

# IntraCardiac Echo Imaging: Today and Tomorrow

*AcuNav*

## FACULTY/PRESENTER DISCLOSURE

- Faculty: Estelle Camus
- Relationships with commercial interests:
  - Grants/Research Support: N/A
  - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: N/A
  - Consulting Fees: N/A
  - Other: Employee of Siemens Healthcare

# Intra-Cardiac Echocardiography Portfolio and History

## 2D ICE



AcuNav™ 10F

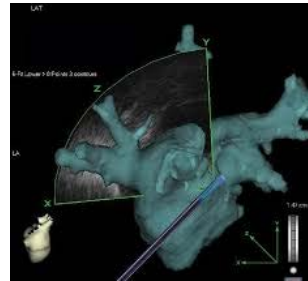
2000

## 3D ICE



AcuNav™ 8F

2004



SoundStar™ 10F

2007

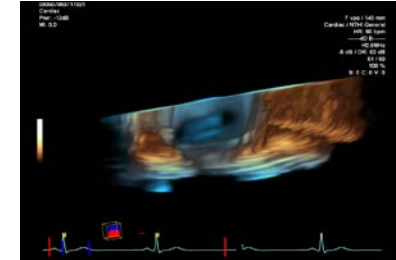
## Volume ICE\*

\* Distributed by Siemens



AcuNav™ V 10F

2012



SoundStar™ eco 10F

2014

SoundStar™ eco 8F



# Catheters and Ultrasound Systems Compatibility

ACUSON  
Cypress™



ACUSON  
X300™,  
Premium Edition



ACUSON  
X700™



ACUSON  
Sequoia™



ACUSON  
SC2000™



ACUSON S  
Family™



ACUSON AcuNav™ ultrasound catheter (8F, 10F)

SoundStar™ (10F, eco 10F, eco 8F)

ACUSON  
AcuNav V™

# Clinical Applications for 2D/3D ICE and Volume ICE

## Expanding to Additional Clinical Disciplines

### Established

#### Electrophysiology

- Atrial Fibrillation Ablation (Radio-frequency)
- Cryoablation
- Ventricular Tachycardia Ablation

#### Interventional Cardiology

- Atrial Septal Defect (ASD)
- Patent Foramen Ovale (PFO)
- Left Atrial Appendage Closure (LAA)

### Emerging

#### Percutaneous Valve Interventions

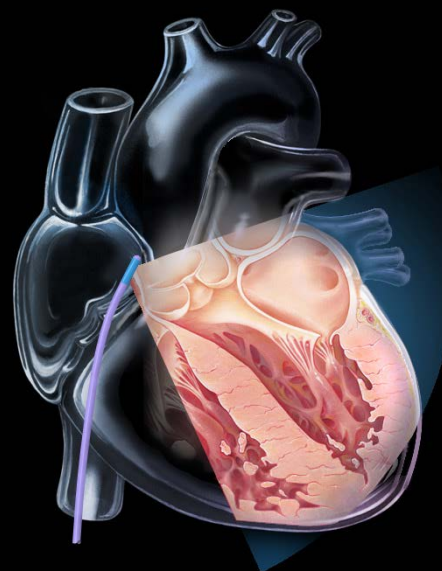
- Aortic Valve (TAVR)
- Mitral Valve
- Pulmonary Valve
- Tricuspid Valve

#### Interventional Radiology

- Direct Intrahepatic Portosystemic Shunt (DIPS)

# AcuNav™ and SoundStar™ Real-Time 2D ICE Catheter Solutions

- Side-firing ultrasound catheter
- 8F or 10F
- 90 cm
- Real-time 2D imaging (B, Color)
- PW, CW modes
- 4-way 160° steering
  - Anterior / Posterior
  - Left / Right
- Allows imaging of left heart from right heart

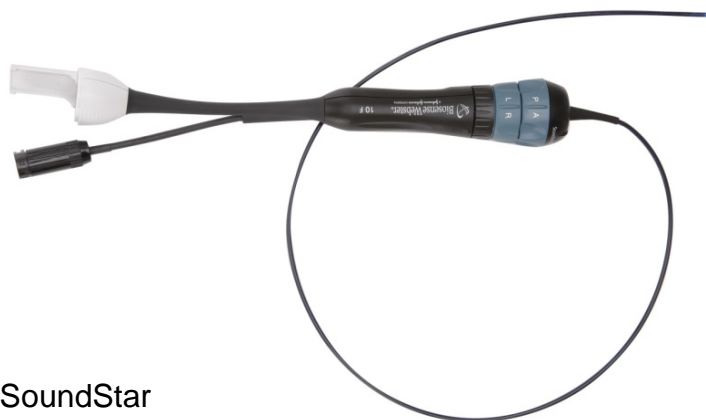


## Indication for Use

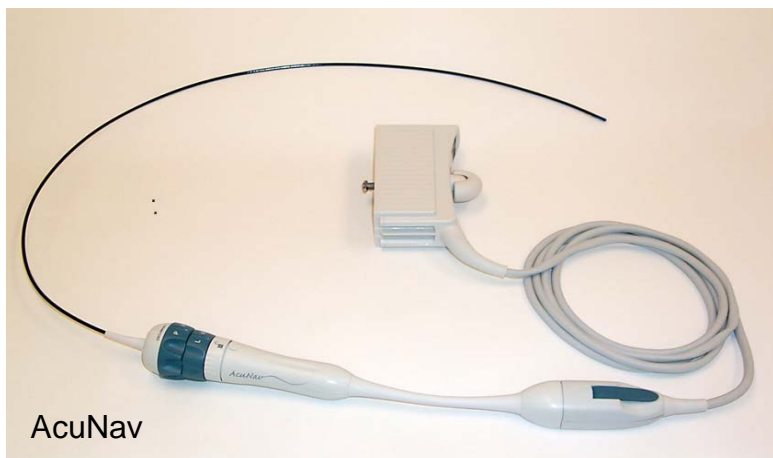
"The ACUSON ACUNAV™ Ultrasound Catheter is intended for intra-cardiac and intra-luminal visualization of cardiac and great vessel anatomy and physiology, as well as visualization of other devices in the heart of adult and pediatric patients"

# AcuNav™ and SoundStar™

## Bringing Benefits to Interventional Procedures



SoundStar



AcuNav

### Clinical Benefits



- Visualization of anatomy and devices
- Conscious sedation vs. general anesthesia
- Reduced fluoroscopy and contrast doses
- Improved patient safety and recovery

### Workflow Benefits



- Reduced procedural time
- Image guidance by single operator

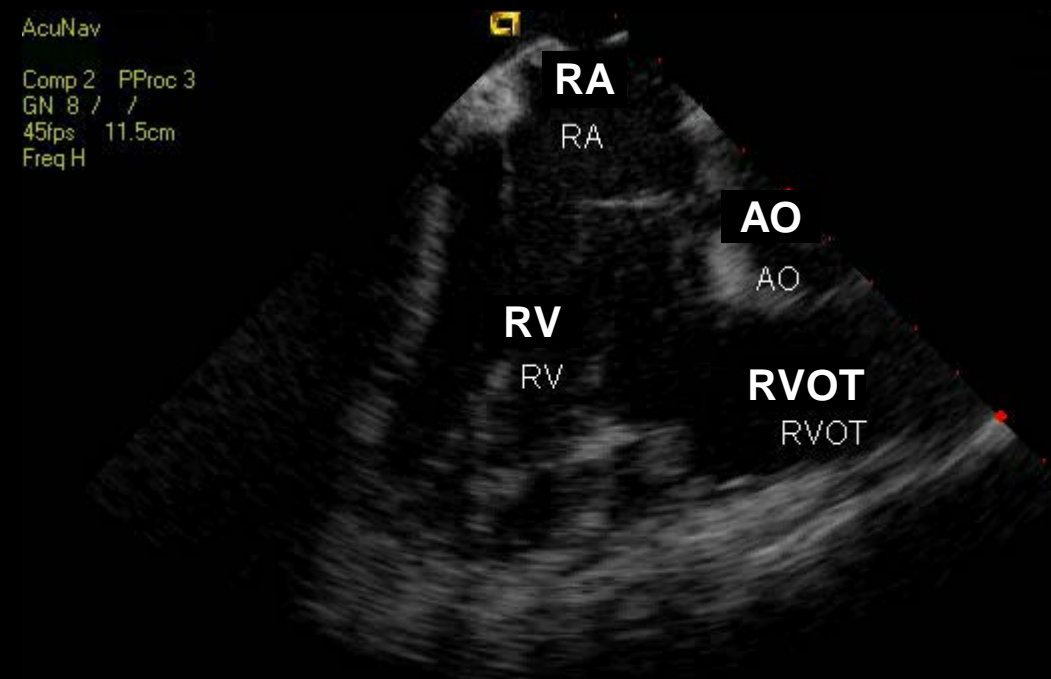
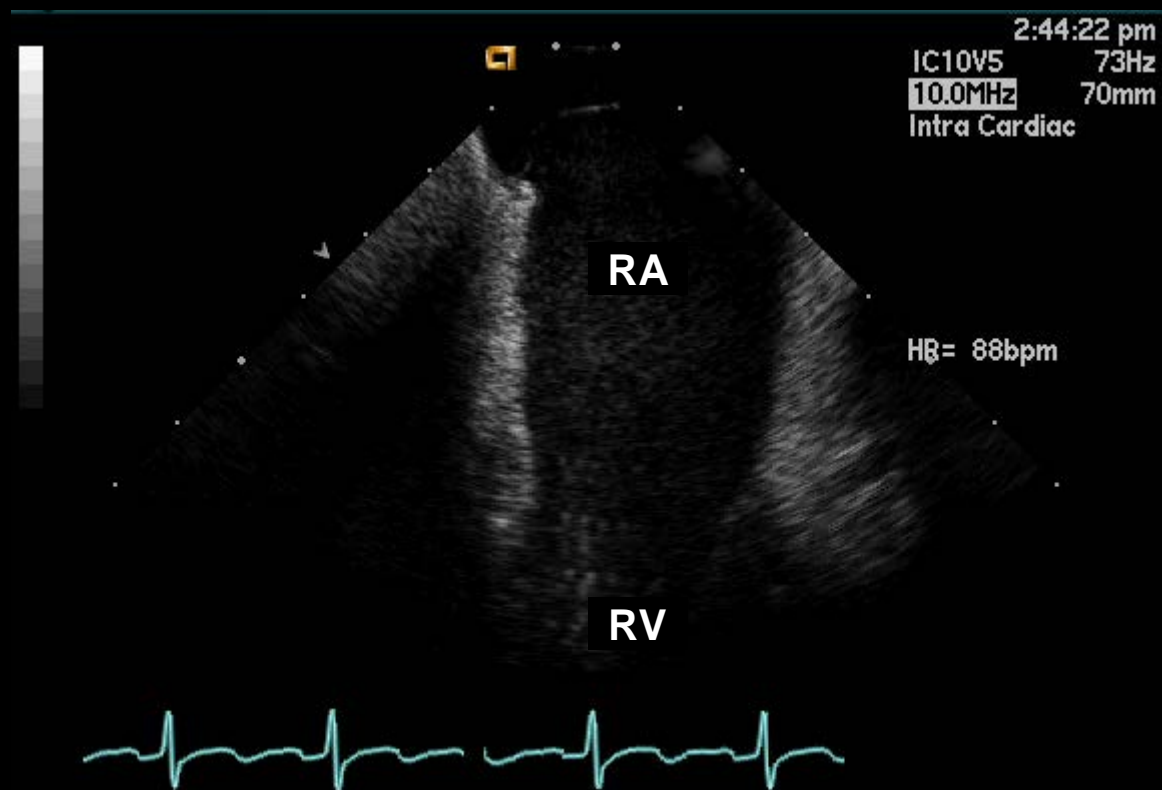
### Financial Benefits



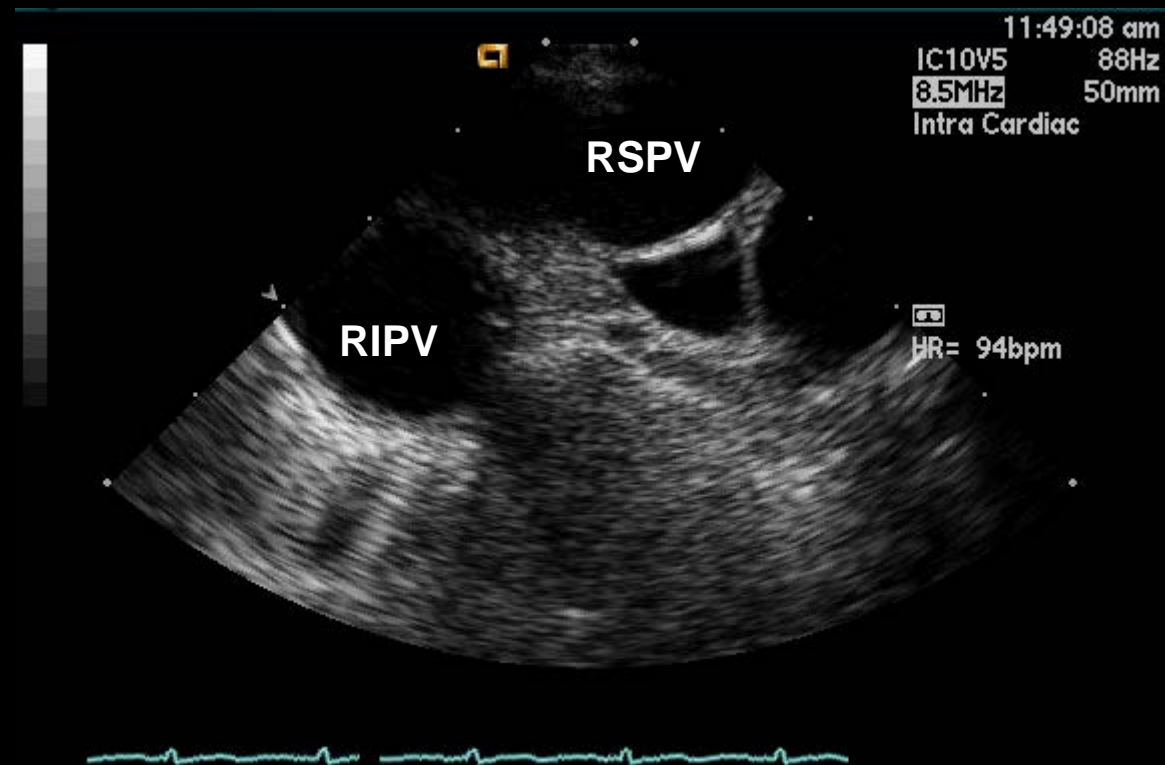
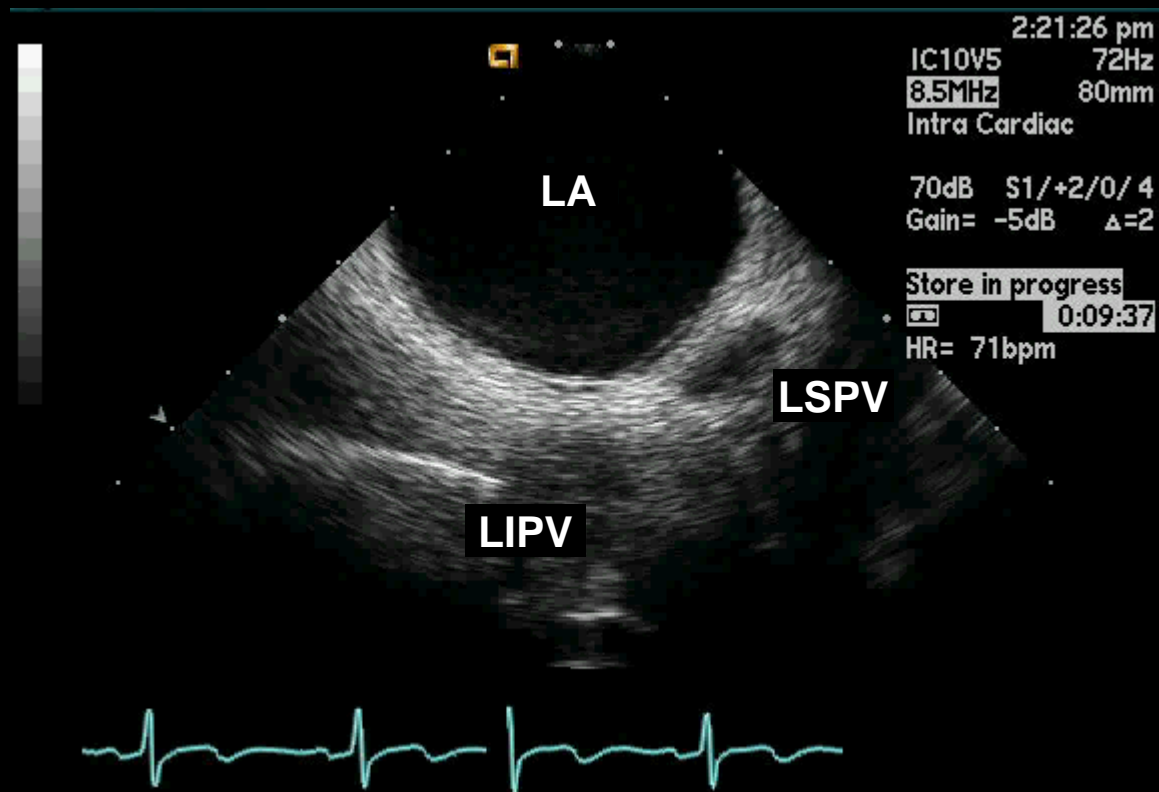
- Increased patient volume
- Reduced staffing need
- Reduced need for more invasive imaging modalities



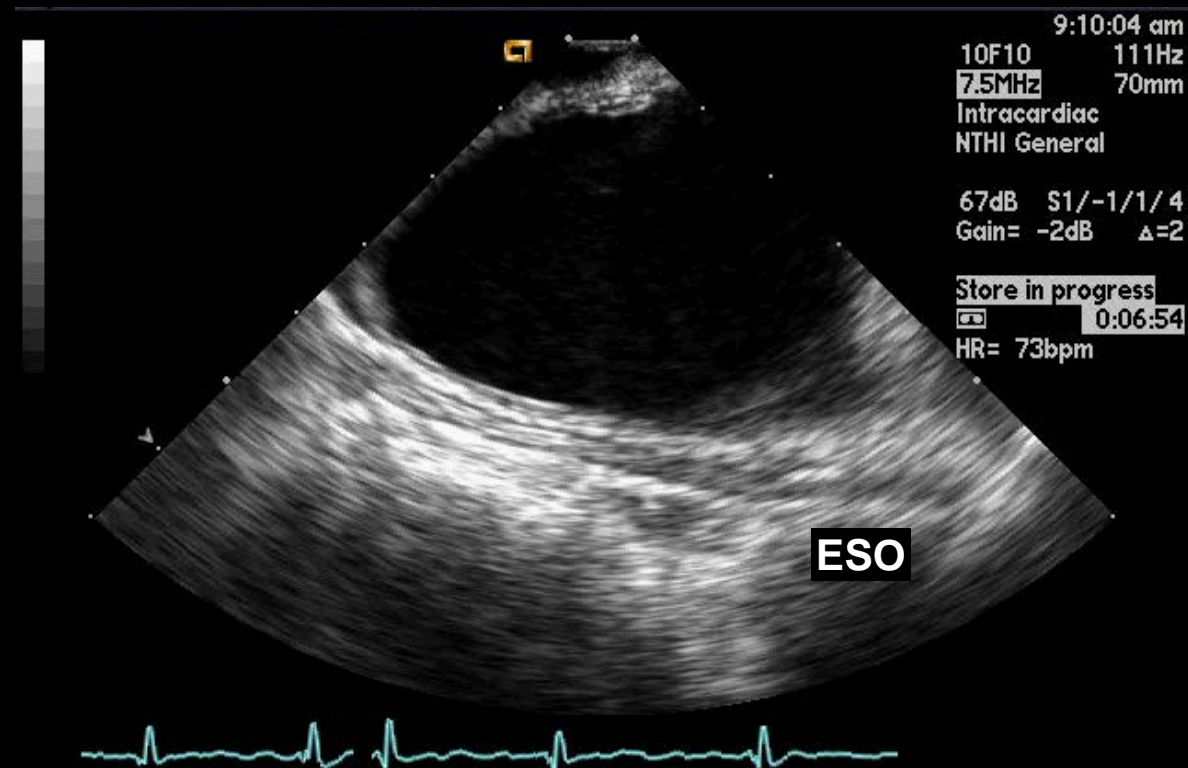
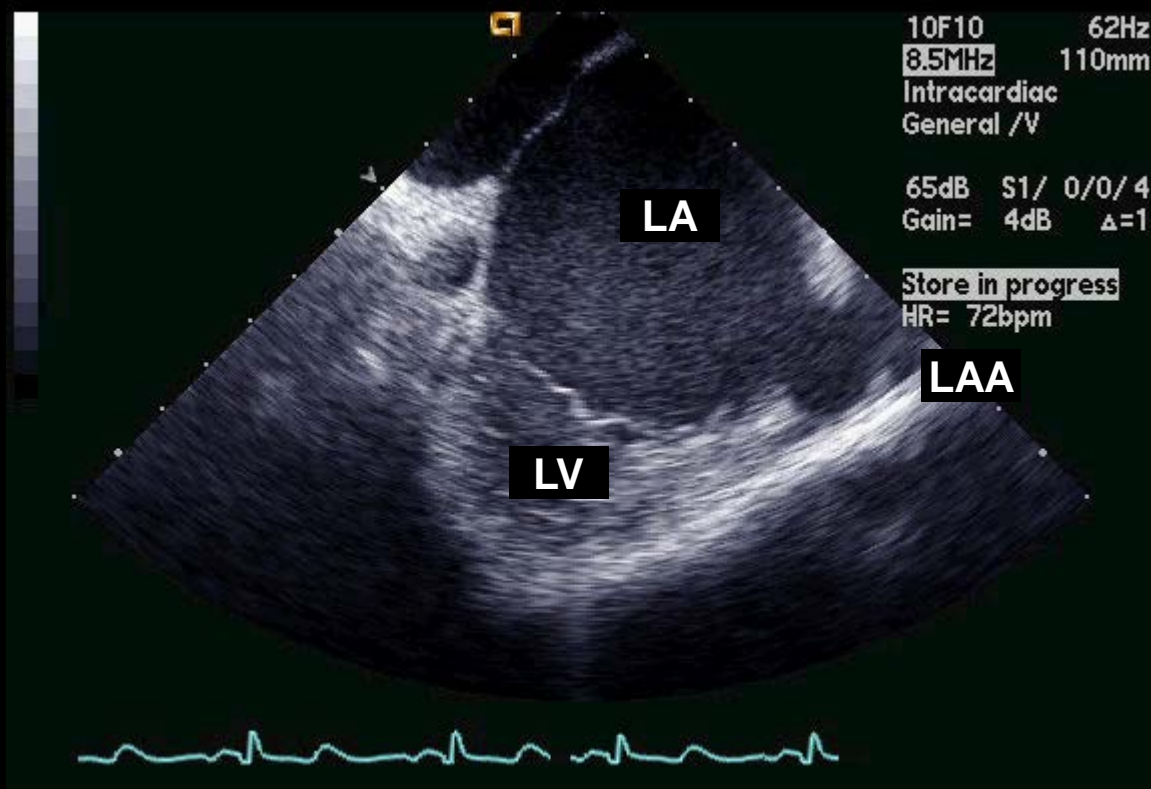
# Cavo-Tricuspid Isthmus and RVOT



# Left and Right Pulmonary Veins

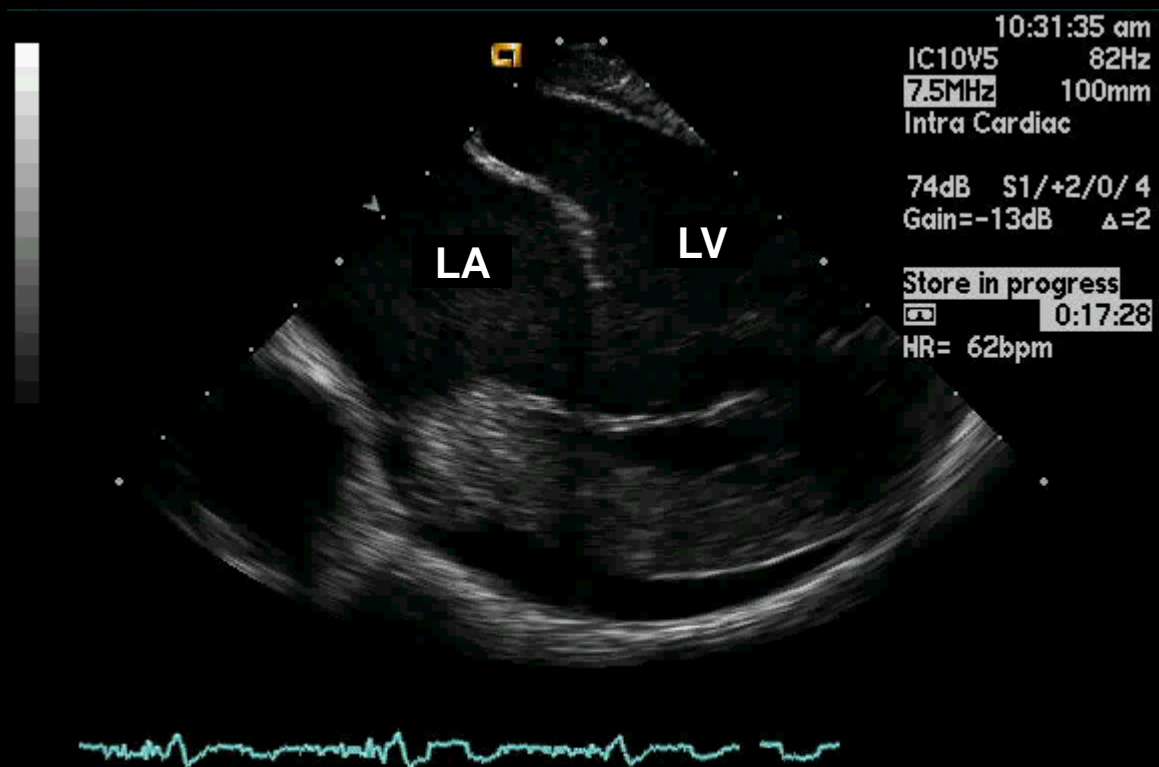


# Left Atrial Appendage and Esophagus



# Left Ventricular Long Axis View

## Pericardial Effusion



# ACUSON AcuNav™ V Catheter\*

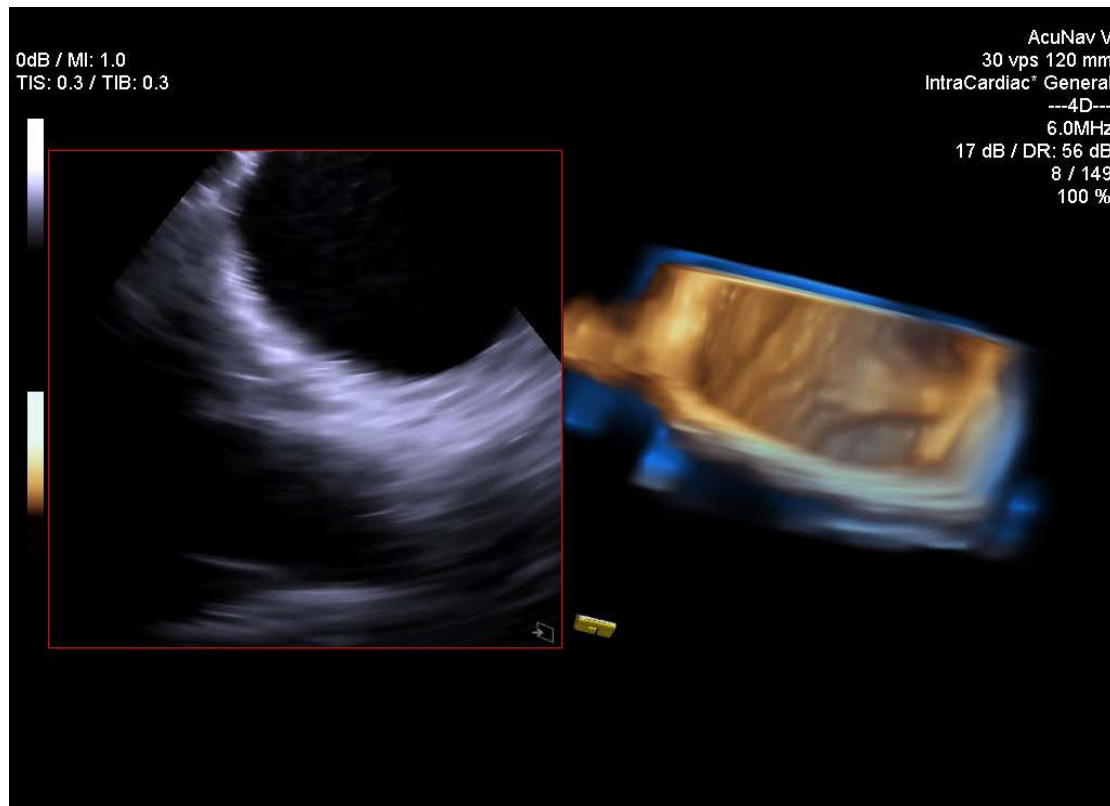
## World's First Real-Time Volume ICE Catheter

- 10F
- 90 cm
- Volume size: 24° x 90° volume
- Real-time volume imaging (B, Color)
- Powered by ACUSON SC2000 system
- Superior visualization of anatomy and devices over 2D ICE
- Real-time 3D color provides valuable blood flow information
- “Flashlight in the heart”



# ACUSON AcuNav™ V Catheter\*

## World's First Real-Time Volume ICE Catheter



### Clinical Benefits



- Superior visualization of anatomy and devices over 2D ICE
- Conscious sedation vs. general anesthesia
- Reduced fluoroscopy and contrast doses
- Improved patient safety and recovery

### Workflow Benefits



- Reduced procedural time
- Image guidance by single operator

### Financial Benefits



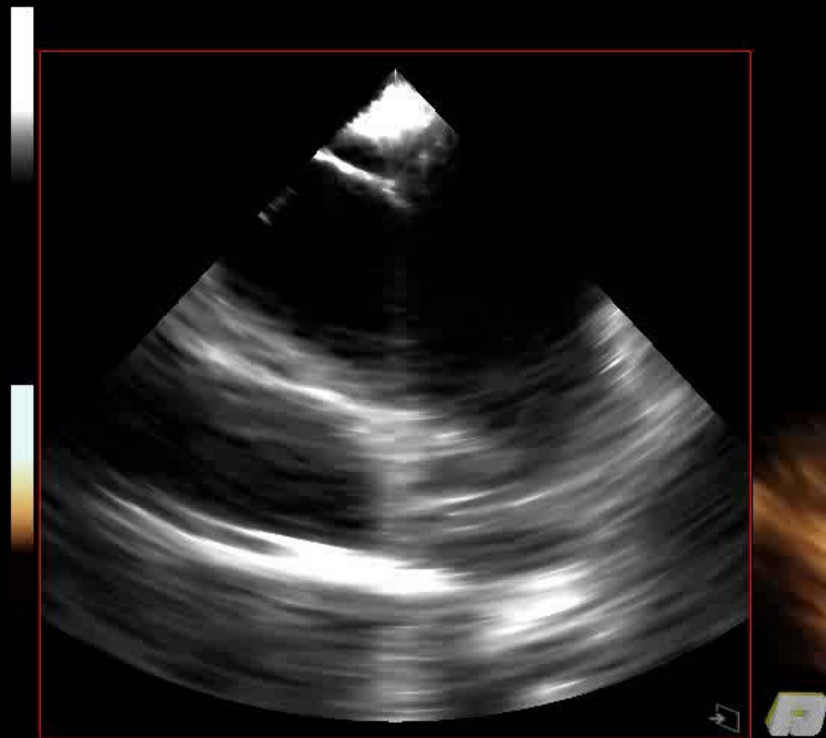
- Increased patient volume
- Reduced staffing need
- Reduced need for more invasive imaging modalities

# ACUSON AcuNav™ V Catheter

## Superior Visualization of Tissue and Needle

### Transeptal Puncture

0dB / MI: 1.0  
TIS: 0.4 / TIB: 0.4

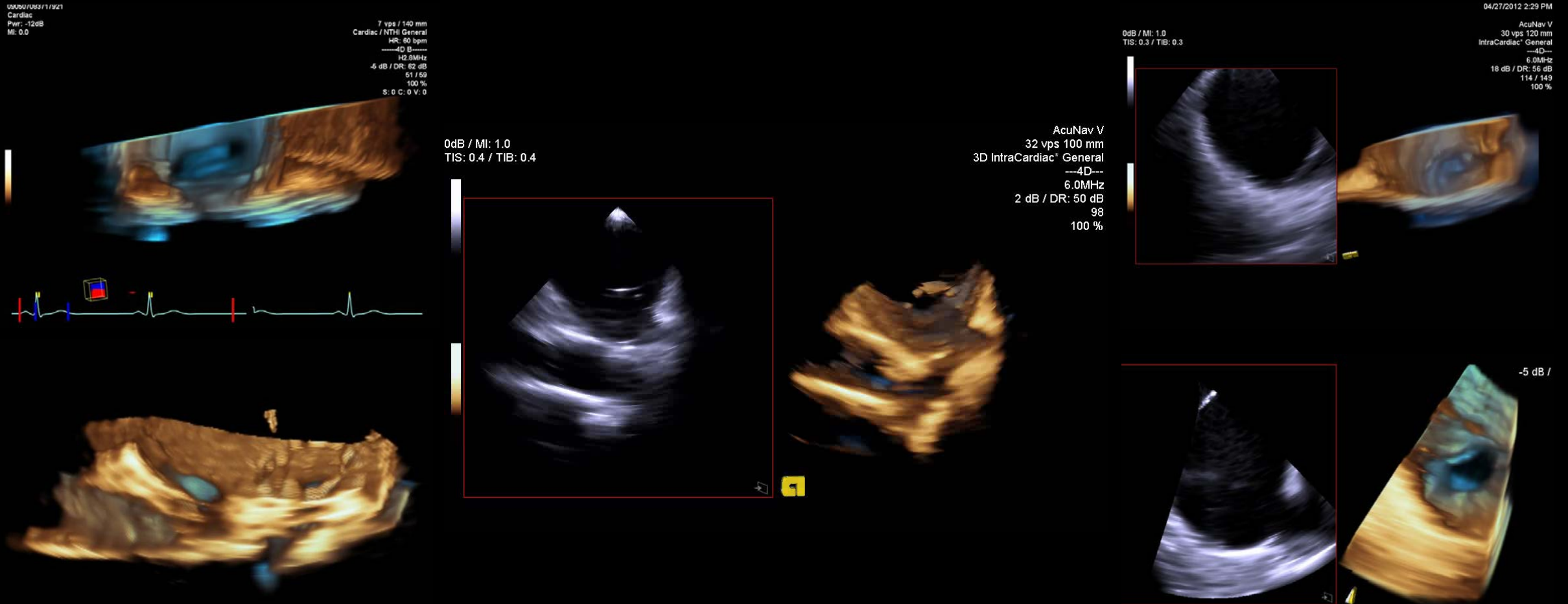


AcuNav V  
32 vps 100 mm  
IntraCardiac General  
---4D---  
6.0MHz  
3 dB / DR: 50 dB  
39  
100 %



# ACUSON AcuNav™ V Catheter

## Superior Visualization of Pulmonary Veins and Lasso Catheter





# ACUSON AcuNav™ V Catheter

## Superior Visualization of Pulmonary Vein for RF Ablation

0dB / MI: 1.0  
TIS: 0.3 / TIB: 0.3



AcuNav V  
30 vps 120 mm  
IntraCardiac™ General  
---4D---  
6.0MHz  
17 dB / DR: 56 dB  
149  
100 %



0dB / MI: 1.0  
TIS: 0.3 / TIB: 0.3



AcuNav V  
27 vps 120 mm  
AcuNav V 3D™ General  
89 bpm  
---4D---  
6.0MHz  
-7 dB / DR: 48 dB  
32  
100 %



0dB / MI: 1.0  
TIS: 0.3 / TIB: 0.3



AcuNav V  
27 vps 120 mm  
AcuNav V 3D™ General  
104 bpm  
---4D---  
6.0MHz  
4 dB / DR: 47 dB  
36  
100 %



0dB / MI: 1.1  
TIS: 0.6 / TIB: 0.6

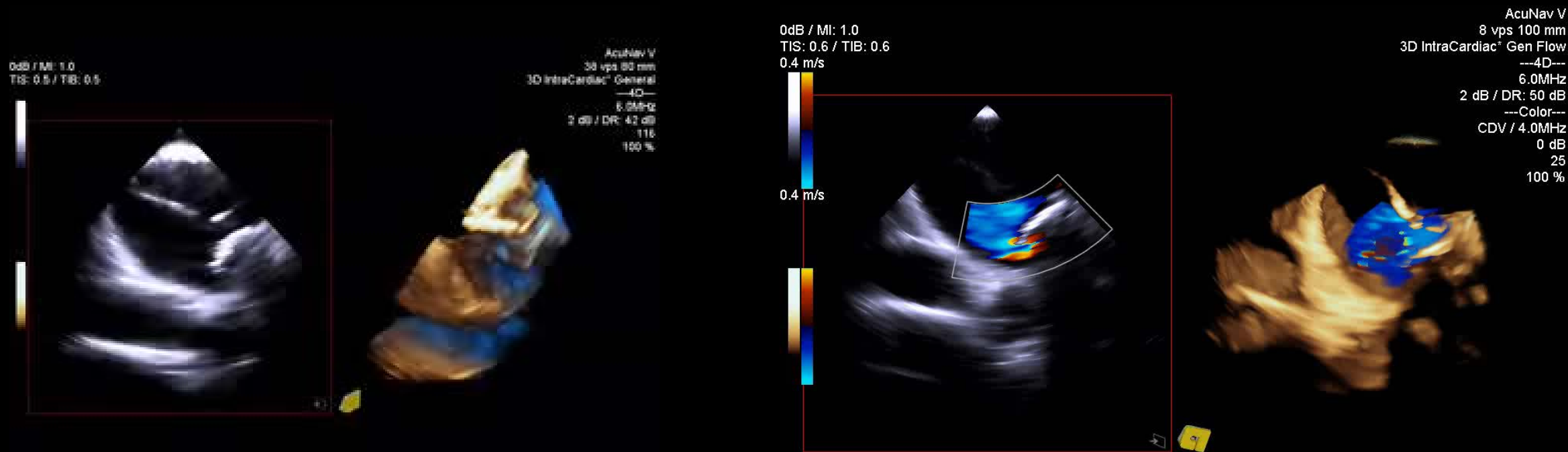


AcuNav V  
49 vps 60 mm  
AcuNav V 3D™ General  
---4D---  
6.0MHz  
-11 dB / DR: 60 dB  
99  
100 %



# ACUSON AcuNav™ V Catheter

## Successful Guidance of Cryoablation



## ACUSON AcuNav™ V Catheter

### Benefits of the ACUSON AcuNav V™ Ultrasound Catheter

- Improved visualization of anatomy and devices with real time 3D imaging
- Safer and faster procedures
- 3D color flow Doppler provides immediate evaluation of outcomes
- Seamless integration into today and tomorrow's EP and structural heart programs

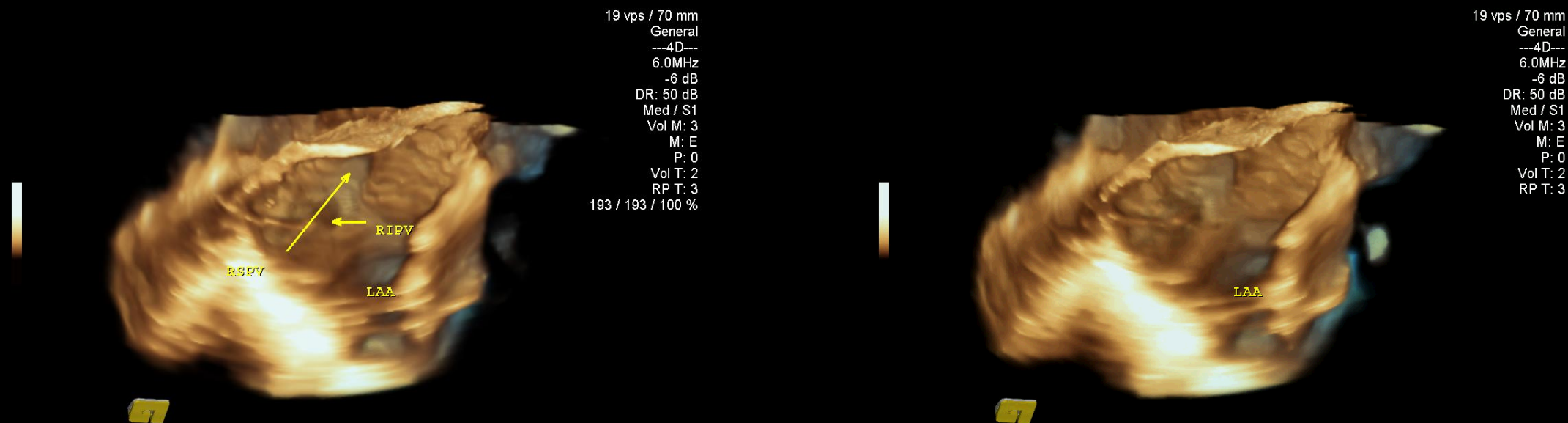
### Benefit Comparison to Transesophageal Echocardiography

- Single operator procedure
- Ideal platform for guiding procedures and continuous monitoring
- Reduced need for general anesthesia reducing costs and complications
- Dramatic improvement in patient comfort especially during long procedures

# What comes tomorrow?

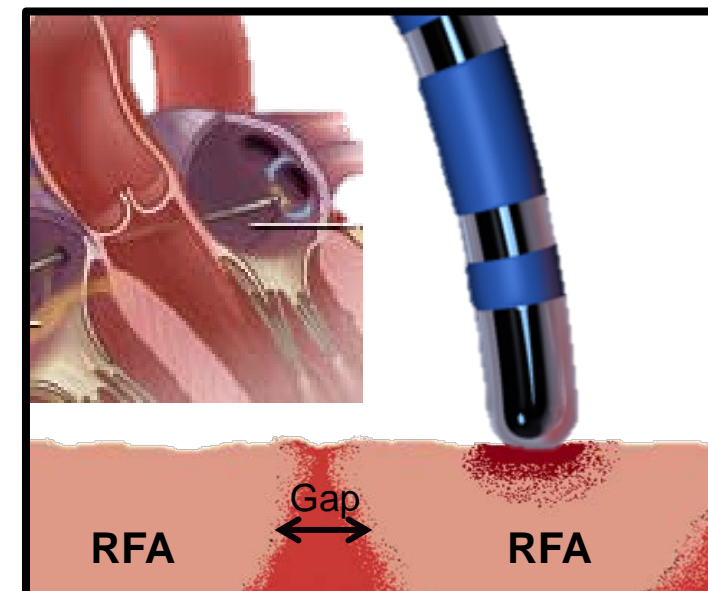
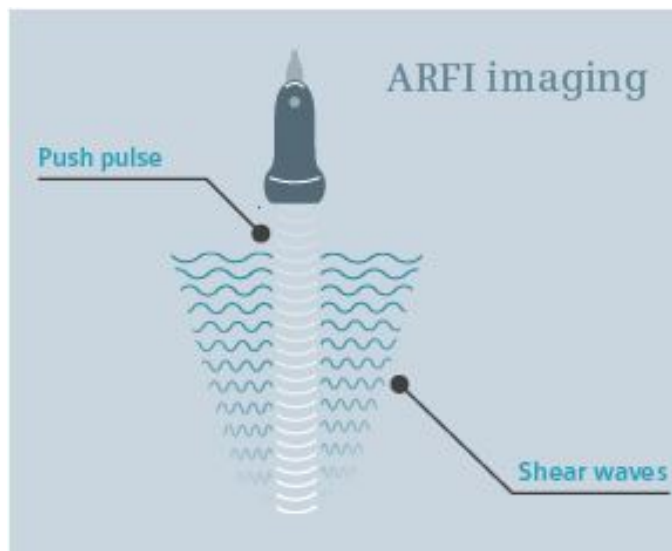
# Next Generation Volume ICE\*

## Pioneering on Echo Guidance of Minimally Invasive Procedures



## Tissue Characterization with Acoustic Radiation Force Imaging (ARFI)

- Radiation-force applied to tissue at the focus, creates  $\mu\text{m}$  scale tissue displacements inversely proportional to the tissue mechanical properties
- Ultrasound scan lines monitor tissue response
- Multiple lateral push locations are acquired to build a 2D image
- 2D images of ARFI-induced displacements provide visualization of relative tissue elasticity



RF-induced tissue heating increases tissue stiffness:

- RFA lesion = relatively low displacements
- Unablated myocardium = relatively high displacements

# ARFI Clinical Study – Preliminary Results\*

- 11 Patients (8 atrial fibrillation, 2 atrial flutter, 1 atypical flutter)
- Previous studies indicate ARFI-induced displacements are due to thermocoagulation, not edema

## Ablation of Tricuspid Annulus for Atrial Flutter

- Successful imaging and tricuspid annulus
- Final ARFI image showed complete linear ablation
- EP study showed block at annulus

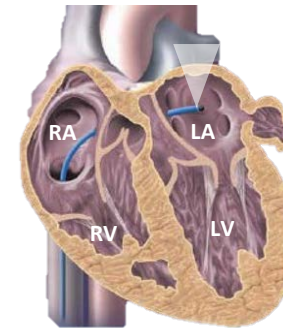
## Pulmonary vein isolation

- Successful imaging around pulmonary veins

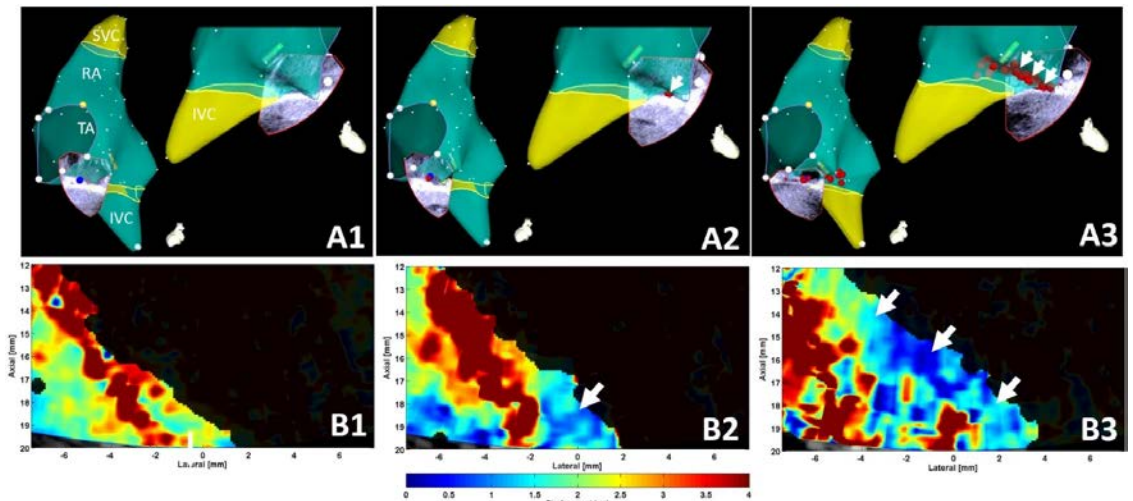
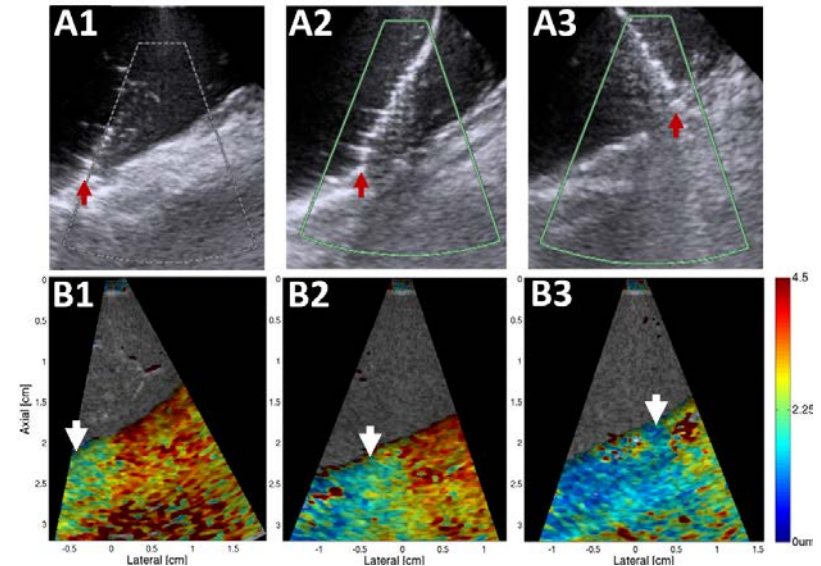
## Ligament of Marshall

- Typically difficult to achieve sufficient contact force
- Successful imaging location in most preliminary patients

TD Bahnson, SA Eyerly, PJ Hollender, JR Dorhety, YJ Kim, GE Trahey, PD Wolf. Feasibility of Near Real-Time Lesion Assessment during Radiofrequency Catheter Ablation in Humans using Acoustic Radiation Force Impulse Imaging. *Journal of Cardiovascular Electrophysiology*, 2014, Vol 25 (12), p. 1275-1283



Successive imaging of ablation along LA roof line



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# Questions

*AcuNav*